

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

www.ixcellsbiotech.com

7270 Trade Street, Suite 102, San Diego, CA 92121 Tel: (858)412-5988 Fax: (858)368-8716 Technical Supports: <a href="mailto:supports@ixcellsbiotech.com">supports@ixcellsbiotech.com</a>

Orders: orders@ixcellsbiotech.com

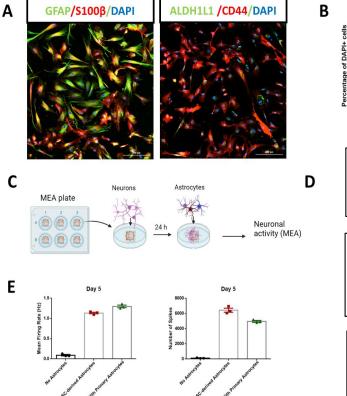
## **Human Astrocytes (iPSC-derived)**

Catalog Number	40HU-008 40HU-021 40HU-008-PSEN2-N141I-HET	Cell Number	1 million cells/vial (Cryopreserved) 2 million cells/vial (Cryopreserved)
Species	Homo sapiens	Storage Temperature	Liquid nitrogen

# **Product Description**

Astrocytes are a crucial component of the human central nervous system. Astrocytes' diverse and heterogeneous character allows them to serve a variety of important activities during brain formation as well as afterwards in neuronal homeostasis and synaptic transmission [1]. Since they engage in the development of synapses, and neurotransmitter recycling, astrocytes are crucial for the construction and plasticity of brain circuits [2]. In addition, astrocytes are immunocompetent cells that participate in neuroinflammation by secreting cytokines and chemokines, which may have protective or detrimental consequences for neuronal survival [3].

**iXCells Biotechnologies** is proud to provide fully differentiated and functional human iPSC-derived human astrocytes that display typical astrocytic morphology and express key markers of e.g., GFAP, ALDH1L1 (Figure 1A,B) when cultured in the Human Astrocyte Maintenance Medium (Cat# MD-0109-100ML). In addition, our iPSC-derived Astrocytes can also be co-cultured with cortical neurons or other cell types for drug screening platforms (Figure 1C-E) and can respond to inflammatory stimuli (Figure 2) and moreover affect neurite length of neurons when previously stimulated collected conditioned media is applied (Figure 3).



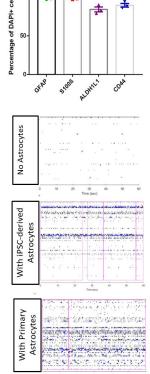


Figure 1. Human iPSCs derived astrocytes expression of characteristic biological markers. (A) Immunostaining of iPSC-derived astrocytes expressing ALDH1L1 (green), CD44 (red), S100b (red), or GFAP (green) at day 28. All cells were counterstained for DAPI (blue). Scale bars, 200  $\mu m$ . (B) Quantifications for percentage of astrocytes, positive for the listed markers over DAPI. Results are expressed as means ± SEM. (C) Cortical neurons were differentiated as a monolayer on a MEA plate and cocultured with different types astrocytes, and subsequently neuronal activity was measured. (D) Example raster plot showing spikes (black lines) and network bursts (pink lines) in the MEA for neurons cultured with or without astrocytes. (E) At 5 days of neural differentiation, electrical parameters were measured in the MEA and the results are graphed as mean ± SEM for mean firing rate and number of spikes.

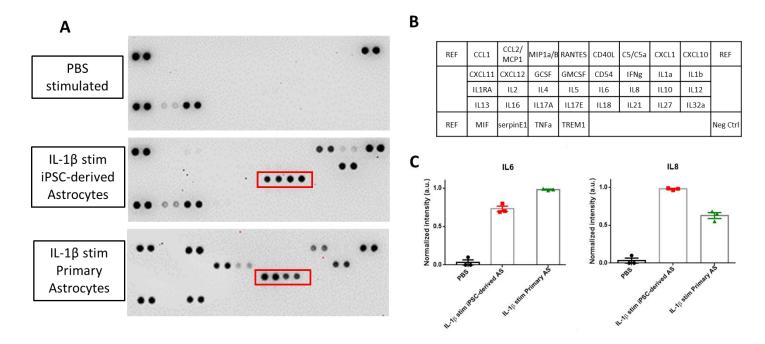


Figure 2. (A) Representative blots showing expression of cytokines (4-week differentiation) in primary astrocytes and iPSC-derived astrocytes which were either not activated (PBS) or activated (10 ng/mL II-1β for 24 h). Proteome Profiler Human Cytokine Array Kit was used for detection and data shown are from 2-minute exposure. (B) Legend for the Human Cytokine Array panel with 36 different antibodies to human cytokines, chemokines, and acute phase proteins (done in duplicates). (C) Secretion levels in IL6 and IL8 in cell supernatants in non-treated cells (PBS) and treated cells (II-1β).

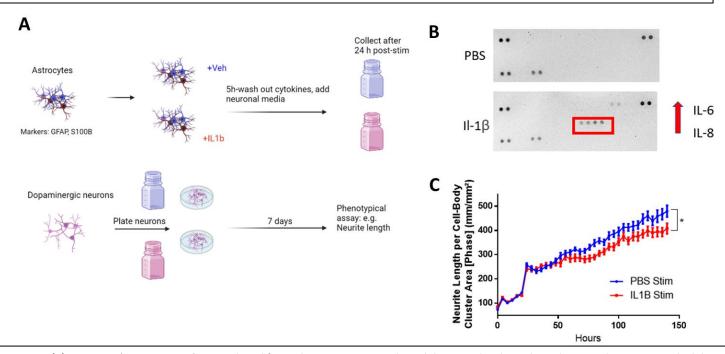


Figure 3. (A) Astrocytes (Cat# 40HU-008) were cultured for 21 days in astrocyte media and then stimulated. Five hours later, cytokines were washed then neuronal media was added. Twenty-four hours later the conditioned media was collected and stored. Dopaminergic neurons (Cat# 40HU-002) were then defrosted in the respective conditioned media and neurite branching was monitored. (B) Representative blots showing expression of cytokines (3-week differentiation) in iPSC-derived astrocytes which were either not activated (PBS) or activated (10 ng/mL II-1 $\beta$  for 5 h). Proteome Profiler Human Cytokine Array Kit was used for detection and data shown are from 2-minute exposure. Red rectangle highlights secretion of IL6 and IL8 in cell supernatants in non-treated cells (PBS) and treated cells (II-1 $\beta$ ). (C) Plot of neurite length per cell-body cluster area of dopaminergic neurons grown in conditioned media (stimulated and non-stimulated) over time. The graphs show mean  $\pm$  SEM (significance values: \*p < 0.01). The neurite length was monitored in real-time using Essen BioScience IncuCyte® S3.

### **Product Details**

Tissue Origin	Human iPSC-derived astrocytes	
Package Size	1.0 million cells/vial; 2.0 million cells/vial	
Shipped	Cryopreserved	
Storage	Liquid Nitrogen	
Media	Human Astrocytes Maintenance Medium (Cat# MD-0109-100ML)	

### **Protocols**

### **Monoculture of hiPSC-Derived Astrocytes**

#### The following protocol is based on 48-well plate format

- 1. Prepare the coating vessel before thawing the cells. Coated plate preparation: coat the plates with Poly-L-ornithine solution (10 μg/ml; Sigma, P4957) in water overnight in the incubator, wash twice with water the next day and coat the plates with laminin (5 μg/ml; Thermo, 23017015) in dPBS overnight. Do not let dry at any stage. Alternatively, Matrigel (Corning, 354230) can be used to coat plate 1 hour in the incubator before thawing cells.
  - **Note**: Upon receipt of the frozen cells, it is recommended to thaw the cells and initiate the culture immediately in order to retain the highest cell viability.
- To thaw the cells, put the vial in 37°C water bath with gentle agitation for ~1-2 minutes. Keep the cap out of water to minimize the risk of contamination.
- 3. Pipette the cells into a 15 mL conical tube with 5 mL **Human Astrocyte Maintenance Medium** (Cat# MD-0109-100ML).
- **4.** Centrifuge at 500*g* for 8 minutes at room temperature.
- 5. Remove the supernatant and re-suspend the cells in Human Astrocyte Maintenance Medium.
- 6. Seed the cells on precoated plate at the desired density. Incubate in 37°C CO2 incubator overnight.
  - **Note:** We recommend seeding 20K-100K cells per cm<sup>2</sup> depending on the application. Cell debris may be observed after cell recovery. Refer to the CoA of each lot to determine the seeding density for your experiment.
- 7. Perform half medium change every 3-4 days. Most of the cells should express high levels of S100β and GFAP, 5-7 days after thaw, and negative for MAP2.

#### References

- [1] Khakh B.S., Sofroniew M.V. Diversity of astrocyte functions and phenotypes in neural circuits. Nat. Neurosci. 2015;18:942–952.
- [2] Sofroniew M.V., Vinters H.V. Astrocytes: biology and pathology. Acta Neuropathol. 2010;119:7–35...
- [3] Colombo E., Farina C. Astrocytes: key regulators of neuroinflammation. Trends Immunol. 2016;37:608-620.

#### **Disclaimers**

This product is intended for laboratory research purposes only. It is not intended for use in humans. While iXCells Biotechnologies uses reasonable efforts to include accurate and up-to-date information on this product sheet, we make no warranties or representations as to its accuracy. Citations from scientific literature and patents are provided for informational purposes only. iXCells Biotechnologies does not warrant that such information has been confirmed to be accurate. This product is sent with the condition that you are responsible for its safe storage, handling, and use. iXCells Biotechnologies is not liable for any damages or injuries arising from receipt and/or use of this product. While reasonable effort is made to insure authenticity and reliability of strains on deposit, iXCells Biotechnologies is not liable for damages arising from the misidentification or misrepresentation of cultures.

© iXCells Biotechnologies 2015. All rights reserved.